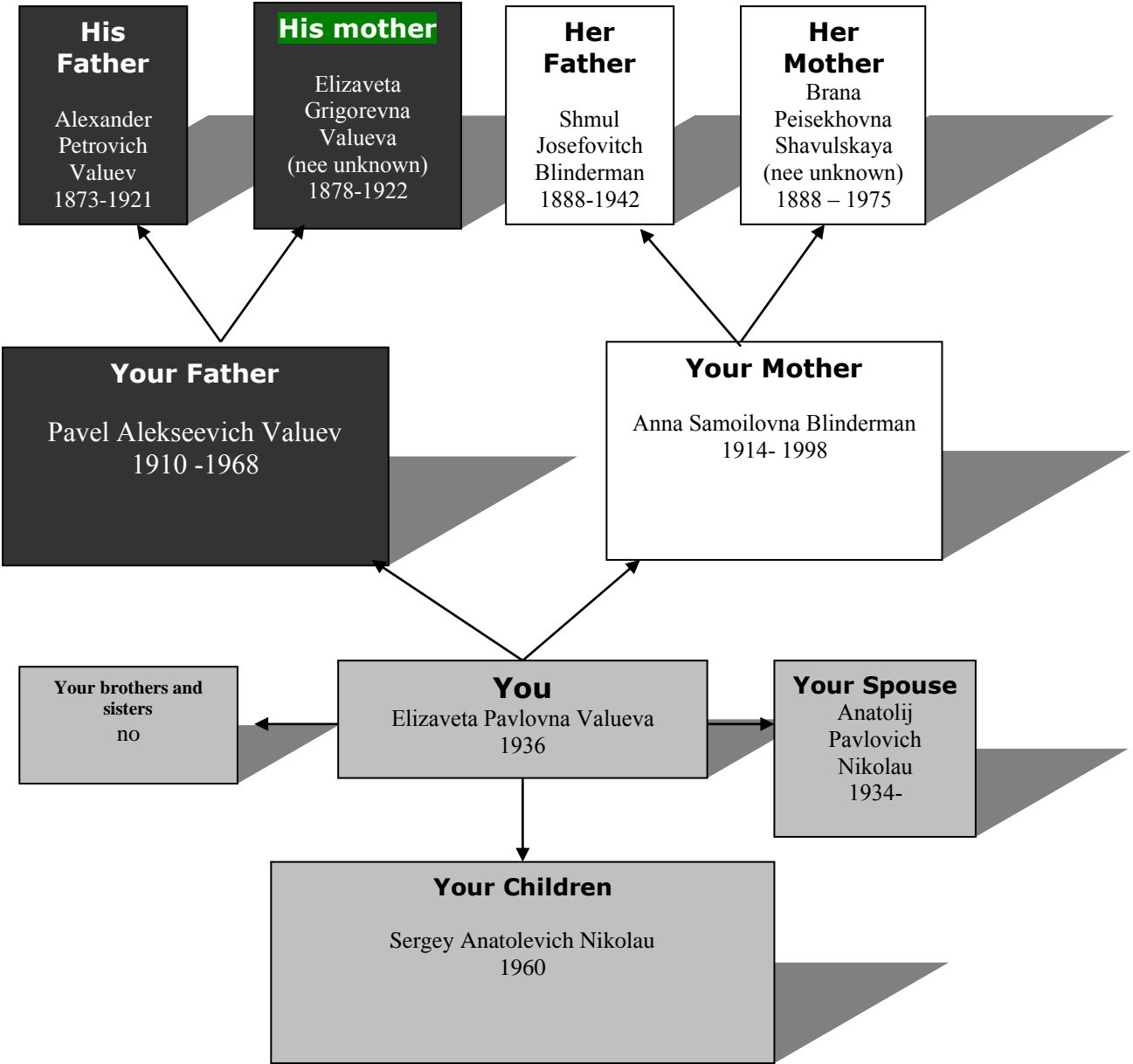


Your family tree



You and your family

Your full name

Elizaveta Pavlovna Valueva (she kept her maiden name after marriage) _____

Where and when were you born?

Mariupol, Ukraine, 1936 _____

Your educational level?

1953-1958: Moscow Institute of Energetics _____

What sort of work do/did you do?

1968-1974: I worked as the head constructor in one of the departments of Ukriprommez (ferrous metal industry) _____

1974-1990: leader of a group in the central laboratory at a scientific research institute of ferrous metallurgy until retirement _____

What was the level of religiosity in your parents' home? How were you raised?

My parents were atheists. _____

What is your mother tongue?

Ukrainian "surzhik" ("surzhik" – a combination of Russian and Ukrainian languages) _____

How many languages do you speak?

Russian, Ukrainian _____

Where were you during the Holocaust?

In evacuation in Siberia, city Stalinsk (currently named –Kuznetsk) _____

Your brothers and sisters

Their names

None

Your spouse

Name?

Anatolij Pavlovich Nikolau

Where and when was he/she born?

Mariupol, Ukraine, 1934

Is he/she Jewish?

No, he is Ukrainian

What is his/her mother tongue?

Russian

His/her educational level?

1953-1958: Metallurgical Institute, Mariupol, Ukraine

Occupation?

1958-1987: engineer- metallurgist for the company Azovstal' in Mariupol

Where and when did he/she die?

Mariupol, 1987

Your children

Were they raised Jewish/do they identify themselves as Jews?

He completely realizes his identity as a Jew due to the fact that he was raised by his grandmother and despite having only "one-fourth" Jewish blood, he has a sense of identity with the Jewish people.

Their names?

Sergey Anatolevich Nikolau

Where and when were they born?

Mariupol, Ukraine, 1960

Where else did they live?

Leningrad

Their educational level?

1978-1984: Medical Institute, Leningrad

Their occupations?

Doctor, neurosurgeon

How many grandchildren do you have?

Three: Pavel (17 yrs. old), Ekaternia (9 yrs. old), Polina (9 months).

Your father

His name?

Pavel Alekseevich Valuev

Where and when was he was born?

Kashira, Moskovskaya oblast, 1910

Where and when did he die?

Mariupol, Ukraine, 1968

What sort of education did he have?

1926-1929: Electro-mechanical technical school in Moscow;

1929-1934: Institute of Electrification of Agriculture in Moscow

What sort of work did he do?

1934-1968: Mariupol, enterprise Azovstal'- engineer, assistant to the head power specialist, chief of the central laboratory of this company.

What was his level of religiosity?

Atheist

What was his mother tongue?

Russian

Army service: Which army and what years?

He didn't serve in the army because he worked in the defense industry.

Tell me about his brothers and sisters. (name, date of birth and death, occupation, place of residence, etc.)

one brother and two sisters, everybody lived in Moscow.

Vladimir Petrovich Valuev (1917-?) lived in Moscow.

Mariia Petrovna Valueva (1914-?) lived in Moscow; worked in a kindergarten.

Aleksandra Petrovna Valueva (1919-?) lived in Moscow; worked as a music educator.

Where was he during the Holocaust?

In evacuation in Siberia, in the city Stalinsk (now Kuznetsk)

If he survived, what did he do after?

My father returned to Mariupol to the company Azovstal' in the year 1943.

Your father's family

His father

Your father's father name?

Alexander Petrovich Valuev

Where and when was he born?

Kashira, Moskovskaya oblast, 1873

Where and when did he die?

Moscow, 1921

What sort of education did he have?

None

What sort of work did he do?

1910-1915: He worked as a railway conductor.

What was his level of religiosity?

No information

What was his mother tongue?

Russian

Army service: Which army and what years?

No information

Tell me about his brothers and sisters. (name, date of birth and death, occupation, place of residence, etc.)

No information

Where was he during the Holocaust?

Died before

His mother

Your father's mother's name?

Elizaveta Grigorevna Valueva (nee unknown)

Where and when was she born?

Kashira, Moskovskaya oblast, 1878

Where and when did she die?

Moscow, 1922

What sort of education did she have?

None

What sort of work did she do?

1900-1910: She worked for the railway services.

What was her level of religiosity?

No information

What was her mother tongue?

Russian

Tell me about her brothers and sisters. (name, date of birth and death, occupation, place of residence, etc.)

No information

Where was she during the Holocaust?

Died before

Your Mother

Her name?

Anna Samoilovna Blinderman (she kept her maiden name after marriage)

Where and when was she was born?

Selo Buki Cherkasskaya oblast, 1914

Where and when did she die?

Mariupol, 1998

What sort of education did she have?

1931-1935: Pharmaceutical Institute, Dnepropetrovsk

What sort of work did she do?

1935-1968: pharmacist in the drugstores of Mariupol.

What was her level of religiosity?

She was an atheist. However at the end of her life, right before her death, she came to believe in God. She lamented aloud that it happened so late in life.

What was her mother tongue?

Yiddish

Tell me about her brothers and sisters. (name, date of birth and death, occupation, place of residence, etc.)

two brothers and two sisters:

- 1) Yosef Blinderman: born in 1910 in the village Buki. Until the war he studied in a Party university of Dnepropetrovsk. He was a commissar in the war and was killed on the front in 1941.

- 2) Efim Blinderman (1912-1995) a worker; lived in the city Balashove of the Saratovskaya region. 1941-1944 he fought on the front and was wounded.
- 3) Fira Blinderman (1908 – 1994). She worked as an accountant in Mariupol. After her husband was killed during battle she lived with her mother and daughter. During the evacuation she was in Aktiubinsk, from which she returned to Mariupol, Ukraine in 1945.
- 4) Klara Blinderman (1918-1996). She completed secondary education and worked as a laboratory assistant for the enterprise Azovstal'. Having never married, she lived in the family of her sister, Anna Blinderman for 23 years (1939-1962).

Where was she during the Holocaust?

In evacuation in Siberia, Stalinsk [the current name of the city is Kuznetsk]

If she survived, what did she do after?

1943-1968: She continued to work as a pharmacist in the drugstores of Mariupol.

Your Mother's family

Her father

Your mother's father name?

Shmul Yosefovich Blinderman

Where and when was he born?

Kiev, 1888

Where and when did he die?

Aktiubinsk, 1942

What sort of education did he have?

None

What sort of work did he do?

Tailor, made hats

What was his level of religiosity?

He was moderately religious, sometimes visited a place of worship, and celebrated only Passover with his family.

What was his mother tongue?

Yiddish

Army service: Which army and what years?

1914-1917: He fought on various fronts during World War I.

Tell me about his brothers and sisters. (name, date of birth and death, occupation, place of residence, etc.)

No information

Where was he during the Holocaust?

In evacuation in Actubinsk; where he died in the year 1942.

Her mother

Your mother's mother's name?

Brana Peisekhovna Shavulskaya (she kept her maiden name after marriage)

Where and when was she born?

A village around Kiev (the name is unknown), 1888

Where and when did she die?

Mariupol, 1975

What sort of education did she have?

None

What sort of work did she do?

She did day-to-day work in other people's homes, performed agricultural tasks.

What was her level of religiosity?

She was very pious, regularly attended the shul in the village Buki, in the Cherkasskaya region.

What was her mother tongue?

Yiddish

Tell me about her brothers and sisters. (name, date of birth and death, occupation, place of residence, etc.)

In 1919 three of her brothers (names unknown) were killed by bandits in front of her eyes. The fourth one, Moisha was wounded but she nursed him back to health. The rest of her brothers emigrated to the US in 1919 and her sister to Palestine, also in 1919.

Where was she during the Holocaust?

In evacuation in Aktiubinsk, after the Holocaust she returned to Mariupol. _____
