

# MAPS, CENTRAL EUROPE AND HISTORY

Unterrichtsentwurf für Berufsschulen

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Erstellt in Kooperation von

CENTROPA.ORG

**erinnern.at**

NATIONALSOZIALISMUS UND HOLOCAUST: GEDÄCHTNIS UND BEGEGNUNG

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Dieser Unterrichtsentwurf für das Fach „Berufsbezogenes Englisch“ widmet sich – auf Basis eines Centropa-Films – den sich verändernden Grenzen und Kulturen seit 1815 in Europa.

#### HINWEISE ZU DEN ARBEITSPHASEN

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Pre-watching activities	3
After watching the movie	
Internet research	
Homework	
Optional Assignment	

#### MATERIAL

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CENTROPA- FILM	
Maps, Central Europe and History	
English Version	7:48 Min.

#### BESUCH IN DER SCHULE

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Neben der eigenständigen Durchführung des Unterrichtsentwurfs besteht auch die Möglichkeit, jemanden aus dem Team von Centropa oder [erinnern.at](http://erinnern.at) in die Schule einzuladen, der/die Sie dabei unterstützt. Bei Interesse kontaktieren Sie bitte Maria Ecker ([maria.ecker@erinnern.at](mailto:maria.ecker@erinnern.at)) oder Fabian Rühle ([ruehle@centropa.org](mailto:ruehle@centropa.org)).

## HINWEISE FÜR DIE ARBEIT MIT DEM UNTERRICHTSENTWURF

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### Pre-watching activities

Students write some notes about the country they are from and what they know about it (history, culture, personal details, sports and so on; see Material).

### After watching the movie

Questions about borders (individual work):

- \_ Students use the working input (see Material) to answer some questions about personal borders and experiences with it, borders in Austria and borderless Europe. At the end their answers are discussed in class.

## HINWEISE FÜR DIE ARBEIT MIT DEM UNTERRICHTSENTWURF

### **Homework**

Students ask their families and relatives about geographic areas they had lived in (great-grandparents, grandparents, parents or other members of your family) by using the working paper (see material).

Students also tell their own “map-story” and prepare it at home, using photos or objects. In class they make short presentations.

### **Optional Assignment**

As an optional assignment students can work with papers about „European Countries“, „Europe’s Cities“, or „Europe Quiz“. The answers are available for the teacher.

### Solution

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#### European Countries

1. a] Norwegian, b] Wales, c] Swiss, d] Portuguese, e] Greece, f] Maltese, g] Spanish, h] the Netherlands
  2. a] Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, b] Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg  
c] England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland  
d] Cyprus, Ireland, Malta, the UK
  3. a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3
- 

#### Europe's cities

- 1 Lisbon | 2 Dublin | 3 Oslo | 4 Warsaw | 5 Moscow | 6 Bucharest | 7 Athens
  - 8 Sofia | 9 Minsk | 10 Budapest | 11 Berlin | 12 Marseille | 13 Naples | 14 Istanbul
  - 15 St. Petersburg | 16 Helsinki | 17 Hamburg | 18 London
- 

#### Europe Quiz

1. The flags of Croatia, Luxemburg, Netherlands, Russia, Slovakia and Slovenia all contain red, white and blue horizontal stripes. T
2. Scientist Marie Curie was born in Poland. Her maiden name was Maria Sklodowska. T
3. The river Rhine runs through (or borders) Switzerland, Austria, Czech Republic, Germany and Netherlands. F
4. The first modern Olympic Games were held in Greece. T
5. Kiev is the capital of Ukraine. T
6. In Reykjavik, Iceland's capital, it is possible to see stars in the sky for 18 hours of the day during the winter. T
7. The longest river in Italy is the Po. T
8. Switzerland became a member of the European Union in 1995. F
9. Finland has the greatest number of islands in the world. T
10. Breton, Catalan and Yiddish are only spoken by a small minority. T
11. Franz Kafka was born in Prague. T
12. The name Europe came from the mythological Greek heroine Europa. T

## ARBEITSIMPULSE UND MATERIALIEN

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- Working input: Pre-watching activities
- Working input: Questions about borders
- Working input: Homework
  - \_ European Countries
  - \_ Europe's Cities
  - \_ Europe Quiz

Working input: Pre-watching activities

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Which country are you from and what do you know about it? (history, culture, personal details, sports, ...)

Working input: Questions about borders

Discuss the meaning of borders based on the following questions:

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Think about your personal borders and a situation where you (or someone else) crossed them. How did you react?

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What is the significance of borders for a country (like Austria)?

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Could you imagine a borderless Europe? Why/Why not?

Working input: Homework

Discuss the meaning of borders based on the following questions:

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In which geographic areas has your family lived (great-grandparents, grandparents, parents or other members of your family)? Ask your family members and relatives.

Tell your own „map-story“ – prepare it at home, use photos, objects and so on.

European Countries

**The European Union**

1. Austria  
[ˈɔstriə]
2. Belgium  
[ˈbeɪdʒəɪm]
3. Bulgaria  
[ˈsɑɪprəs]
4. Cyprus  
[ˈsaɪprəs]
5. The Czech Republic
6. Denmark
7. Estonia
8. Finland
9. France
10. Germany
11. Greece  
[ˈhʌŋgəri]
12. Hungary  
[ˈhʌŋgəri]
13. Ireland
14. Italy
15. Latvia
16. Lithuania  
[ˌlɪθjuˈeɪniə]
17. Luxembourg  
[ˈlʌksəmbɜːg]
18. Malta
19. The Netherlands
20. Poland
21. Portugal  
[ˈpɔːtʃuɡəl]
22. Romania
23. Slovakia
24. Slovenia  
[sləʊˈviːniə]
25. Spain
26. Sweden  
[ˈswɪːdən]
27. The United Kingdom of Great Britain (England, Scotland, Wales) and Northern Ireland

**A multicultural continent**

Europe is the world's second-smallest continent, but it consists of nearly 50 countries. These include the smallest state in the world, Vatican City, as well as the largest national territory, Russia — although 75 per cent of Russia is actually in Asia. Twenty-seven countries are member states of the European Union, with several more, such as Croatia and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, on the waiting list. The Norwegians and the Swiss, among others, have decided not to join the EU. German is the most widely spoken native language in the EU, although French, Spanish and of course English are more important globally. The 23 official EU languages include Maltese and Irish, but not Welsh, Luxemburgish or Turkish, which, together with Greek, is spoken on Cyprus. Countless other languages are also spoken in Europe — some of them, such as Breton, Catalan and Yiddish, by only a small minority of the population. Many Portuguese, Italian and other migrant workers returned to their home countries in the 1980s and 1990s. In recent years, however, large numbers of Polish, Romanian and Bulgarian nationals have been moving to western Europe in search of work.

Quelle: Spotlight February 2008, Anna Hochsiedler

European Countries

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1] Complete the table of European countries, nationalities and languages.

country name	country adjective
a] Norway	
b]	Welsh
c] Switzerland	
d] Portugal	
e]	Greek
f] Malta	
g] Spain	
h]	Dutch

European Countries

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2] Look at the map of the European countries and answer the following questions.

a] What are the names of the three Baltic States?

b] What are the three Benelux countries?

c] Which four nations make up the UK?

d] Which four EU member states are islands?

European Countries

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3] Match the following expressions with the correct definition on the right.

- |                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| a] A national           | <input type="checkbox"/> 1. is your first language.                                      |
| b] Your native language | <input type="checkbox"/> 2. is a person who moves to another country to find employment. |
| c] A migrant worker     | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. is a small group of people within a larger group.            |
| d] A minority           | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. is a citizen of a particular country.                        |

Europe's Cities

Write down the name of the city shown on the map



Quelle: [http://www.englishlehrer.in/index.php?SUBJECT=&actualid=20&which\\_set=25](http://www.englishlehrer.in/index.php?SUBJECT=&actualid=20&which_set=25)

- surround: umgeben
- either | or: entweder | oder
- share: teilen
- island: Insel
- border: Grenze
- just: gerade
- southernmost: südlichst(er)
- edge: Ecke, Kante
- close: nahe (bei)
- strait: Meerenge

## ARBEITSIMPULS

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### Europe's cities

1. City in a country surrounded either by Spain or by water

*Lisbon*

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2. City in a country that shares an island with the United Kingdom

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3. City in a country that is directly north of Denmark

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4. City in a country bordering Belarus, Lithuania, and Czech Republic

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5. Southernmost city shown in Russia

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6. City in the country on the Black Sea, bordered on the north by Moldova

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7. City in a country just south of Macedonia and Albania

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8. City in a country bordering the Black Sea south of Romania

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9. City in a country that borders Lithuania, Latvia, and Russia

---

10. City in a country that borders Austria, Slovakia, and Slovenia

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11. Southernmost city shown in a country north of Liechtenstein

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12. City near Monaco on the edge of the Mediterranean Sea

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13. Southernmost city shown in a country south of Switzerland

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14. City in Turkey (across the Black Sea from the Ukraine)

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15. Russian city shown closest to the Baltic

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16. City in a country between Sweden and Russia

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17. Northernmost city shown in a country that shares borders with France, Switzerland, and the Netherlands

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18. City in a country across a strait from Belgium

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## Europe Quiz

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Decide if the following statements about Europe are true or false.

1. The flags of Croatia, Luxemburg, Netherlands, Russia, Slovakia and Slovenia all contain red, white and blue horizontal stripes.
2. The scientist Marie Curie was born in Poland. Her maiden name was Maria Sklodowska.
3. The river Rhine runs through (or forms a border of) Switzerland, Austria, the Czech Republic, Germany and the Netherlands.
4. The first modern Olympic Games were held in Greece.
5. Kiev is the capital of Ukraine.
6. In Reykjavik, Iceland's capital, it is possible to see stars in the sky for 18 hours of the day during the winter.
7. The longest river in Italy is the river Po.
8. Switzerland became a member of the European Union in 1995.
9. Finland has the greatest number of islands in the world.
10. Breton, Catalan and Yiddish are only spoken by small minorities.
11. Franz Kafka was born in Prague.
12. The name 'Europe' comes from the mythological Greek heroine Europa.